2024 ANNUAL REPORT GREAT WESTERN PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO.2

As required by Section 32-1-207(3)(c), C.R.S. and Section XI of the District's Service Plan, the following report of the activities of Great Western Park Metropolitan District No.2 (the "**District**") from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024 is hereby submitted.

- A. <u>Boundary changes made</u>: No boundary changes were made or proposed during 2024.
- B. <u>Intergovernmental Agreements entered into or terminated</u>: The District did not enter into or terminate any Intergovernmental Agreements in 2024.
- C. <u>Access information to obtain a copy of rules and regulations adopted</u>: There were no policy changes made or proposed during 2024. Copies of the rules and regulations of the Districts, may be accessed on the District's website: https://greatwesternparkmd2.colorado.gov/
- D. <u>Summary of litigation involving the District's public improvements</u>: There is no litigation of which we are aware, currently pending or anticipated, involving the District.
- E. <u>Status of the District's construction of public improvements</u>: There was no construction of public improvements completed during 2024.
- F. <u>Conveyances or dedications of facilities or improvements, constructed by the District, to the City and County of Broomfield</u>: No facilities and improvements were dedicated and accepted by the City and County of Broomfield.
- G. Final assessed valuation of the District for the reporting year: \$25,695,000
- H. <u>Current year's budget</u>: A copy of the District's 2025 budget is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.
- I. <u>Audited financial statements for the reporting year</u>: A copy of the 2024 Audit is attached hereto as **Exhibit B.**
- J. Notice of any uncured events of default by the District, which continue beyond a ninety (90) day period, under any debt instrument: To our knowledge, there are no uncured events of default by the District which continue beyond a ninety (90) day period.
- K. Any inability of the District to pay its obligations as they come due, in accordance with the terms of such obligations, which continues beyond a ninety (90) day period: To our knowledge, the District has been able to pay its obligations as they come due.

EXHIBIT A 2025 BUDGET

GREAT WESTERN PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 Assessed Value, Property Tax and Mill Levy Information

	2023			2024	2025		
		Actual	Ac	dopted Budget	A	dopted Budget	
Assessed Valuation	\$	21,039,380	\$	25,655,080	\$	25,695,000	
SB23B-01 Property Tax Credit Adjustment			\$	1,912,515	\$	1,912,515	
Mill Levy							
General Fund		2.000		1.500		1.500	
Debt Service Fund		30.750		26.750		26.750	
Incremental Debt Service Adjustment		-		1.994		1.991	
Adjusted Debt Service Levy		-		28.744		28.741	
Refunds and Abatements		-		-		-	
Total Mill Levy		32.750		30.244		30.241	
Property Taxes							
General Fund	\$	42,079	\$	38,483	\$	38,543	
Debt Service Fund		646,961		737,430		738,500	
Actual/Budgeted Property Taxes	\$	689,040	\$	775,913	\$	777,043	

GENERAL FUND 2025 Adopted Budget with 2023 Actual, 2024 Adopted Budget and 2024 Estimated

	2	023	2024		2024	2025
	Ac	ctual	Adopted Budget		Estimated	Adopted Budget
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	136,583	\$ 122,57	9 \$	123,713	\$ 107,962
REVENUE						
Property Tax Revenue		42,079	38,48	3	38,483	38,543
Specific Ownership Taxes		2,457	1,80)	1,200	1,250
Interest Income		7,121	3,00)	6,500	2,500
Total Revenue		51,657	43,28	3	46,183	42,293
Total Funds Available		188,240	165,86	2	169,896	150,255
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		11,386	15,00)	15,000	15,500
Audit		6,300	7,00)	6,300	6,800
Election		402	-		-	5,000
Insurance/SDA Dues		3,403	4,00)	3,807	4,250
Legal		12,853	17,75)	17,750	18,000
Management		10,547	17,00)	17,000	17,500
Miscellaneous		1,005	1,50)	1,500	1,500
Treasurer's Fees		631	57	7	577	578
Contingency		10,000	20,00)	-	20,000
Total Expenditures		56,527	82,82	7	61,934	89,128
Transfers and Other Sources (Uses)						
Transfer to Debt Service		8,000	-		-	-
Emergency Reserve		-	1,29	3	-	1,269
Total Expenditures Requiring Appropriation		64,528	84,12	5	61,934	90,397
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	123,713	\$ 81,73	6 \$	107,962	\$ 59,858
	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

DEBT SERVICE FUND 2025 Adopted Budget with 2023 Actual, 2024 Adopted Budget and 2024 Estimated

	2023 Actual	,	2024 Adopted Budget	2024 Estimated	Δ	2025 dopted Budget
	 710000		tuopiou zuugoi			aoptou Buugot
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ 49,257	\$	48,397	\$ 87,967	\$	170,973
REVENUE						
Property Tax Revenue	646,961		737,430	737,430		738,500
Specific Ownership Taxes	37,788		25,000	22,000		25,000
Interest Income	 17,848		5,000	17,000		5,000
Total Revenue	702,597		767,430	776,430		768,500
Total Funds Available	751,854		815,827	864,397		939,473
EXPENDITURES						
Series 2021 Principal	235,000		260,000	260,000		275,000
Series 2021 Interest	423,113		411,363	411,363		398,362
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees	4,066		11,000	11,000		11,000
Treasurer's Fees	9,709		11,061	11,061		11,078
Miscellaneous Expense	 -		2,500	-		2,500
Total Expenditures	 671,887		695,924	693,424		697,940
Transfers and Other Sources (Uses)						
Transfer From General Fund	8,000		-	-		-
Total Expenditures Requiring						
Appropriation	671,887		695,924	693,424		697,940
	- ,		,	, -		,
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 87,967	\$	119,903	\$ 170,973	\$	241,533

EXHIBIT B 2024 AUDIT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

FOR THE

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

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ROSTER OF DISTRICT OFFICIALS **DECEMBER 31, 2024**

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

James Einolf	President
Michael Clay	Treasurer
Gerald Hart	Asst. Secretary
Russell Heinen	Asst. Secretary
Vacant	Asst. Secretary

DISTRICT MANAGER / SECRETARY

David Solin Special District Management Services, Inc.

SCOTT C. WRIGHT

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

9591 Mint Lane Salida, CO 81201 scottwright.cpa@icloud.com (970) 471-9091

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 2 Broomfield County, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 2 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 2 as of December 31, 2024, and the changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 2 and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 2 ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 2's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 2's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate

operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 2's basic financial statements. The supplementary budget comparison schedule identified in the table of contents is presented to supplement the basic financial statements and is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the supplementary and other information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the schedule of assessed valuation, mill levy and property taxes collected, but does not include the basic financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. My opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and I do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with my audit of the basic financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, I conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, I am required to describe it in my report.

Salida, Colorado

Scott Wright

April 28, 2025

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	¢ 220.502
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 328,592
Receivables	779,838
Prepaid Expenses	3,605
Total Assets	1,112,035
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Charge on Refunding of Debt	466,515
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	5,952
Accrued Interest Payable	33,197
Noncurrent Liabilities:	,
Due Within One Year	312,627
Due In More Than One Year	12,310,763
Total Liabilities	12,662,539
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes	777,043
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets (Deficit)	(12,156,875)
Restricted For:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Emergencies	3,043
Debt Service	192,729
Unrestricted	100,071
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (11,861,032)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Program Revenues						2.1	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
			Char	ges for	-	rating its and	Grant	oital	Go	vernmental
Functions/Programs	E	Expenses		vices		ibutions		butions		Activities
Governmental Activities:						,				
General Government	\$	46,111	\$		\$		\$		\$	(46,111)
Interest and Fiscal Charges on Long-term	Φ	398,147	Φ	_	Ψ	_	Φ	_	Φ	(398,147)
interest and I iscar Charges on Long-term		370,147	-							(370,147)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	444,258	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_		(444,258)
	Ge	eneral Reve	nues:							
		Property Ta	ixes							775,913
		Specific Ov	vnershij	Taxes						32,951
		Unrestricte	d Invest	ment Ea	rnings					30,015
		Total Gen	eral Re	venues						838,879
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position									394,621	
	Ne	et Position	(Deficit) - Begi	nning (of Year			(1	2,255,653)
	Ne	et Position	(Deficit) - End	of Yea	r			\$(1	1,861,032)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	General Fund			ebt Service Fund	Total	
ASSETS			-			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	134,519	\$	194,073	\$	328,592
Property Taxes Receivable		38,682		741,156		779,838
Prepaid Expenses		3,605		-		3,605
Total Assets	\$	176,806	\$	935,229	\$	1,112,035
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,952	\$	4,000	\$	5,952
Total Liabilities		1,952		4,000		5,952
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes		38,543		738,500		777,043
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		38,543		738,500		777,043
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted For:						
TABOR Emergency Reserve		3,043		-		3,043
Debt Service		-		192,729		192,729
Unassigned		133,268				133,268
Total Fund Balances		136,311		192,729		329,040
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			_		_	
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	176,806	\$	935,229	\$	1,112,035

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Fund	\$ 329,040
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Some liabilities, including bonds, notes and leases payable, and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. - Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds Payable - Unamortized Bond Premium	(11,805,000) (818,390) (12,623,390)
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. - Deferred Charge on Refunding of Debt	466,515
Accrued interest payable is recognized for governmental activities but is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.	(33,197)
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$ (11,861,032)

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

December		General Fund	De	bt Service Fund		Total
Revenues Taxes:						
General Property Taxes	\$	38,483	\$	737,430	\$	775,913
Specific Ownership Tax	Ψ	1,635	Ψ	31,316	Ψ	32,951
Investment Earnings		7,525		22,490		30,015
Total Revenues		47,643		791,236		838,879
Expenditures						
Current:						
General and Administrative		35,045		11,066		46,111
Debt Service:						
Bond Interest		-		411,363		411,363
Bond Principal		-		260,000		260,000
Fiscal Charges				4,045		4,045
Total Expenditures		35,045		686,474		721,519
Net Change in Fund Balances		12,598		104,762		117,360
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		123,713		87,967		211,680
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	136,311	\$	192,729	\$	329,040

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Net change in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 117,360
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
same as a sign of a sign o	
Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities that do not require	
the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures	
in governmental funds.	
- Change in Accrued Interest Payable on Outstanding Bonds	1,083
- Amortization of Bond Premium	37,627
- Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	(21,449)
	17,261
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt	
consumes the current financial resouces of governmental funds. Neither	
transaction has any effect on net position.	
- Repayment of Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds	 260,000
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 394,621

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (BUDGETARY BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	A	udgeted amounts ginal and Final	Actual amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues					
Taxes:					
General Property Taxes	\$	38,483	\$ 38,483	\$	-
Specific Ownership Tax		1,800	1,635		(165)
Investment Earnings		3,000	 7,525		4,525
Total Revenues		43,283	 47,643		4,360
Expenditures					
Current:					
Accounting		15,000	12,934		2,066
Audit		7,000	6,300		700
County Treasurer Fees		578	577		1
District Management		17,000	6,739		10,261
Election Costs			17		(17)
Insurance		4,000	3,807		193
Legal		17,750	3,681		14,069
Miscellaneous		1,500	990		510
Contingency		20,000	-		20,000
Emergency Reserve		1,298	 		1,298
Total Expenditures		84,126	 35,045		49,081
Net Change in Fund Balances		(40,843)	12,598		53,441
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		122,579	 123,713		1,134
Fund Balances, End of year	\$	81,736	\$ 136,311	\$	54,575

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

The financial statements of the Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 2 (District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting board for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following notes are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Primary Government. The District was organized on December 17, 2008, as a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado under the State of Colorado Special District Act, along with Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 1 ("District No. 1"). Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 3 ("District No. 3") was organized on January 4, 2002. Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 1 is referred to in its Service Plan as the "Service District" and Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 2 and Great Western Park Metropolitan District No. 3 are referred to as the "Tax Districts" established to finance and pay for various services and facilities which will be provided by the Service District. The District was established to provide financing for construction of streets, water, sanitation, traffic and safety protection, and parks and recreational improvements. Previously, the three districts worked together to provide the necessary public improvements and services as required to serve the development. As of July 1, 2016, the three Districts operate independently of one another. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, which amended GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and GASB Statement No. 29, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, which provides guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the District. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or business segment are offset by program revenues and helps identify the extent to which each is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or business segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and, 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or business segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District with the focus on major funds rather than on reporting funds by type. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The District has no proprietary or fiduciary funds. Individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting. The government-wide financial statements have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days). The major sources of revenue which are susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures generally are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under full accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Financial Statement Presentation – Fund Accounting. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which are segregated for the purpose of accounting for specific activities. The District uses funds to report results of operations and financial position, and demonstrate compliance with legal, contractual, and regulatory requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund This is the District's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all activities of the District not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Debt Service Fund This fund is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

D. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents the consumption of net position that applies to a future period that will not be recognized as an outflow of the resources (expenditure) until the future period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the *deferred charges on refunding* are deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amount is incurred.

Deferred charges on refunding of \$466,515, net of accumulated amortization of \$69,709, are included in the Statement of Net Position as a deferred outflow of resources. The District has recorded a deferred charge on refunding for the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category – *unavailable revenue - property taxes*.

The governmental funds also reported deferred inflows of resources representing unavailable property taxes.

Deferred outflows of resources are presented below the total assets on the government-wide and governmental fund statements. Deferred inflows of resources are presented below the total liabilities on the government-wide and governmental fund statements.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity when purchased of three months or less and all local government investment pools. The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in total cash. Investments are stated at fair value.

F. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

G. Fund Balances

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid/deferred charges) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent
 can be expressed by the governing body or an official or body to which the governing body
 delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the District's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed. The District considers all unassigned fund balances to be "reserves" for future operations or capital replacement as defined within Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado (see Note 6).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

H. Budgetary Information

In accordance with the Colorado Budget Law, the District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or prior to October 15th the budget is submitted to the Board of Directors of the District.
- 2. A public hearing on the budget is held prior to its adoption.
- 3. On the date of the hearing, the Board reviews the proposed budget and formally adopts it by resolution.
- 4. At the time of adopting the budget the Board also adopts the mill levies.
- 5. Prior to the beginning of the calendar year, the Board passes an appropriating resolution giving the District legal authority to spend.
- 6. The District adopts budgets for the general and debt service funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget and appropriations resolutions upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end and lapses at year end.

Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the Board of Directors. There were no supplemental amendments during the year ended December 31, 2024.

I. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15th by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1st of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District. Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2024, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

 Cash and Cash Equivalents
 \$ 328,592

 Total
 \$ 328,592

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2024, consist of the following:

Deposits With Financial Institutions	\$ 2,029
Deposits With Corporate Trust Institutions	2,551
Deposits With Local Government Investment Pools	 324,012
Total	\$ 328,592

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the vent of the failure of a depository financial institution, the District would not be able to recover its deposits or would not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District's deposits are entirely covered by federal depository insurance ("FDIC") or by collateral held under Colorado's Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA"). The FDIC insures the first \$250,000 of the District's deposits at each financial institution. Deposit balances over \$250,000 are collateralized as required by PDPA. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that cash be deposited in eligible public depositories and that deposits in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds with the District being a named participant in the single institution collateral pool. The minimum pledging requirement is 102% of the uninsured deposits. The Colorado State Banking Board verifies the market value at least monthly. Bank assets (usually securities) are required by PDPA to be delivered to a third-party institution for safekeeping and pledged to the Colorado Division of Banking. Based on the above, the Colorado State Auditor has concluded that there is no custodial risk for public deposits collateralized under PDPA.

Local Government Investment Pools

The Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST or the Trust) was organized in 1985 in accordance with the Investment Funds - Local Government Pooling Act, (Part 7, Article 75, Title 24, C.R.S.) to allow Colorado governmental entities to pool their funds to take advantage of short-term investments and maximize net interest earnings. The Trust is a professionally managed local government investment pool trust fund available only to governmental entities in Colorado. The Trust operates under the custodianship and oversight of a Board of Trustees comprised of participating local government officials and is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). However, COLOTRUST operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. COLOTRUST is registered with the Securities Commissioner of the State of Colorado in accordance with the Local Government Investment Pool Trust Fund Administration and Enforcement Act (Part 9, Article 51, Title 11, C.R.S.).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

The Authority participates in the COLOTRUST PLUS+ (PLUS+) portfolio, which may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, federal instrumentality securities, agency securities, repurchase agreements, tri-party repurchase agreements, collateralized bank deposits, commercial paper that, at the time of purchase, is rated in its highest rating category by at least two nationally recognized organizations which regularly rate such obligations, corporate bonds, and government money market funds rated 'AAAm.'

PLUS+ maintains a stable net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00 per share using fair value as defined by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) ASC 820 "Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure". PLUS+ is rated AAAm by S&P Global Ratings.

At December 31, 2024, the District had \$328,592 invested in PLUS+. These funds are available for withdrawal upon demand and are not subject to withdrawal restrictions or notice periods.

Note 3. Capital Assets

During 2020, the District conveyed all capital assets to other governmental entries.

Note 4. Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds (Limited Tax Refunding Bonds. In 2021, the District issued Series 2021 General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, ("Series 2021 Bonds") totaling \$12,465,000 with interest rates of 2.50% to 5.00% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 each year commencing on June 1, 2022. The Series 2021 Bonds are secured by and payable from Pledged Revenue consisting of funds derived by the District from the following sources, net of any cost of collections: (a) Required Mill Levy; (b) Specific Ownership Tax; and (c) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion as Pledged Revenue.

The Series 2021 Bonds were issued to refund the outstanding Series 2016B General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$10,990,000 and refund the District's Series 2016B Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,555,000. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$3,610,543 with a cash flow savings of \$5,369,645. The remaining funds were used to reimburse the Developer for certain public improvements previously constructed by the Developer for the benefit of the Development (see Note 6), pay the premiums for the Policy and the Reserve Policy; and (iv) pay other costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the bonds.

PurposeInterest RatesAmountGeneral Government – Refunding2.50% - 5.00%\$11,805,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31	Principal Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2025	\$ 275,000	\$ 398,362
2026	305,000	384,613
2027	320,000	369,362
2028	350,000	353,363
2029	365,000	335,862
2030-2034	2,225,000	1,404,663
2035-2039	2,875,000	929,637
2040-2044	3,500,000	509,263
2045-2046	1,590,000	66,137
Total	\$ 11,805,000	<u>\$ 4,751,262</u>

Changes in Long-term Liabilities. Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds Payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$12,065,000	\$ -	\$ 260,000	\$11,805,000	\$ 275,000
Bond Premium	856,017		37,627	818,390	37,627
Total Bonds Payable	12,921,017	<u>-</u>	297,627	12,623,390	312,627
Governmental Activity Long- term Liabilities	<u>\$12,921,017</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 297,627</u>	\$12,623,390	<u>\$ 312,627</u>

Note 5. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District maintains commercial insurance for significant insurable risks. The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies

Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations. Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. The District has established an emergency reserve for the year ended December 31, 2024, in the amount of \$3,043.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits may require judicial interpretation.

Note 7. Deficit Net Position

The District has a deficit net position of \$11,861,032 as of December 31, 2024. The District has incurred general obligation debt since inception for the construction of public improvements within the District. All of these improvements have been deeded or transferred to other local and state governmental entities. These entities have assumed the responsibility for continued maintenance of these improvements and therefore, these assets no longer belong to the District but still exist for the benefit and use of the taxpayers of the District. GASB 34 requires netting the debt acquired to purchase assets against those assets the District still holds title to, which creates the net deficit as of December 31, 2024.

DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (BUDGETARY BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

D	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Taxes:							
General property Taxes	\$	737,430	\$	737,430	\$	_	
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	25,000	Ψ	31,316	Ψ	6,316	
Investment Earnings		5,000		22,490		17,490	
Total Revenues		767,430		791,236		23,806	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General and Administrative		13,561		11,066		2,495	
Debt Service:							
Bond Interest		411,363		411,363		-	
Bond Principal		260,000		260,000		-	
Fiscal Charges		11,000		4,045		6,955	
Total Expenditures		695,924		686,474		9,450	
Net Change in Fund Balances		71,506		104,762		33,256	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		48,397		87,967		39,570	
Fund Balances, End of year	\$	119,903	\$	192,729	\$	72,826	

SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2024

Levy	Collection	Assessed	Mil	ll Rate	Total Prop	erty Taxes	Percent of Current Taxes
Year	Year	Value	General	Debt Service	Levied	Collected	Collected
2017	2018	\$ 9,552,510	5.392	46.185	\$ 492,690	\$ 492,690	100.00%
2018	2019	13,180,821	5.411	47.347	695,394	695,393	100.00%
2019	2020	18,061,835	5.430	47.678	959,228	958,261	99.90%
2020	2021	19,392,750	6.740	47.182	1,045,696	1,045,696	100.00%
2021	2022	21,551,560	2.000	30.750	705,814	705,289	99.93%
2022	2023	21,039,380	2.000	30.750	689,040	689,040	100.00%
2023	2024	25,655,080	1.500	28.744	775,913	775,912	100.00%
2024	2025	25,695,000	1.500	28.741	777,043	NA	NA

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Taxes are due and payable on January 1 based on the prior year's assessed valuation.

⁽²⁾ Property taxes collected in any one year includes collection of delinquent property taxes, refunds and abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of the specific assessment year.